

Taylor

(Jan. 1, 2003 - Dec. 31, 2003)

1. Population¹ 20,646

2. MSW Management (tons)²

A. Landfilled	17,424
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	4,001
D. Total	21,425
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	5.69

3. MSW Collected & Recycled

A. Minimum 4 of 8³

	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
1. Newspaper	248	31%
2. Glass	145	0%
3. Aluminum Cans	62	50%
4. Plastic Bottles	103	2%
5. Steel Cans	103	0%
6. Cardboard	1,260	18%
7. Office Paper	83	10%
8. Yard Trash	1,776	0%

B. Other Recyclables

9. C&D Debris	680	0%
10. White Goods	605	0%
11. Tires	145	0%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%

C. Other Wastes 16,215 22%

D. Total Recycling Rate (%) 19%

E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%)⁵ 19%

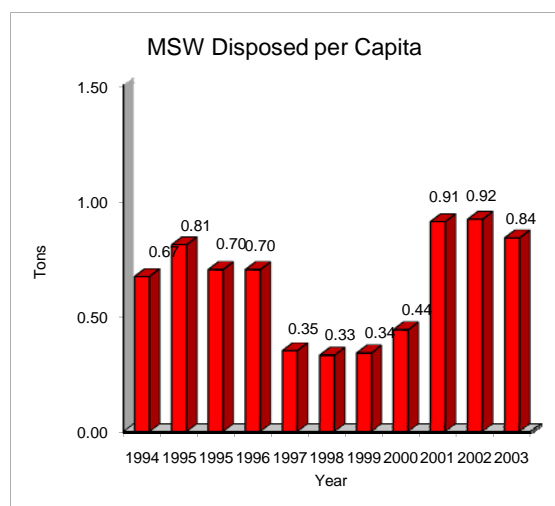
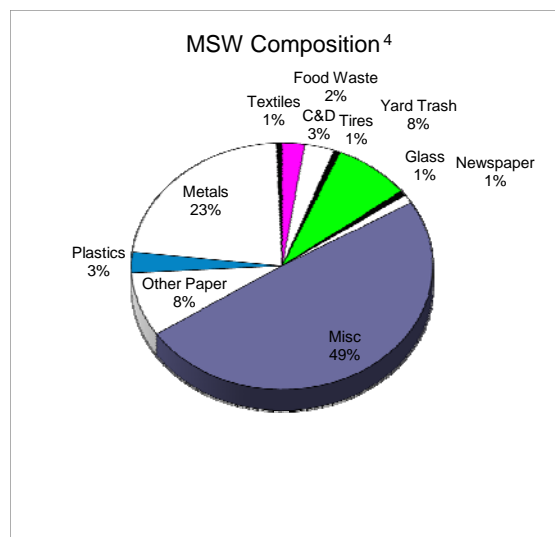
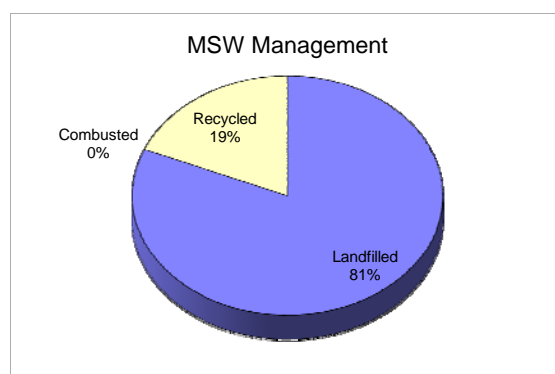
F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year

(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
1998	0.33	-6%
1999	0.34	4%
2000	0.44	28%
2001	0.91	104%
2002	0.92	1%
2003	0.84	-9%

G. Participation in Recycling⁶

	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	9,734	0%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	482	0%
3. Commercial ⁹	600	
a) Scheduled collection		0%
b) On call collection		4%



¹ Official 2003 Governor's Office estimate.

² From 2003 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

³ Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

⁴ Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods; Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

⁵ The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

⁶ Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

⁷ Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

⁸ Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

⁹ May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.