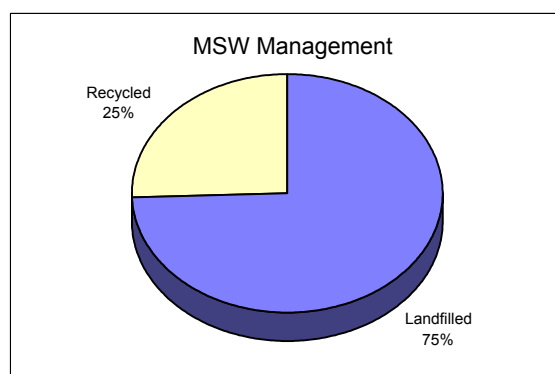


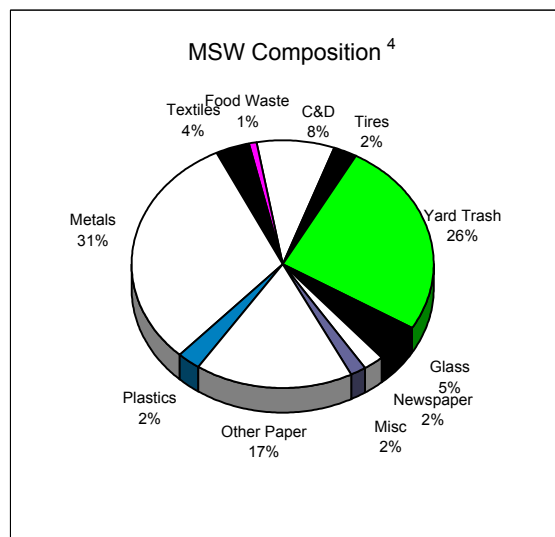
Hamilton

(Jan. 1, 2004 - Dec. 31, 2004)

1. Population ¹	14,303
2. MSW Management (tons) ²	
A. Landfilled	3,338
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	1,142
D. Total	4,480
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	1.72



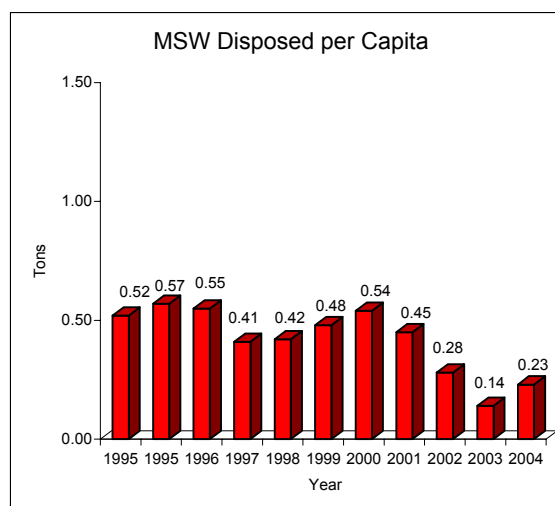
3. MSW Collected & Recycled	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
A. Minimum 4 of 8 ³		
1. Newspaper	98	20%
2. Glass	234	8%
3. Aluminum Cans	56	38%
4. Plastic Bottles	32	0%
5. Steel Cans	304	0%
6. Cardboard	630	6%
7. Office Paper	91	16%
8. Yard Trash	1,146	0%
B. Other Recyclables		
9. C&D Debris	370	0%
10. White Goods	34	0%
11. Tires	106	100%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%
C. Other Wastes	2,100	46%
D. Total Recycling Rate (%)		25%
E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%) ⁵		25%



F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year
(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
1999	0.48	16%
2000	0.56	16%
2001	0.45	-20%
2002	0.28	-39%
2003	0.14	-51%
2004	0.23	69%

G. Participation in Recycling ⁶	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	6,740	4%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	256	27%
3. Commercial ⁹	253	
a) Scheduled collection		0%
b) On call collection		0%



1 Official 2004 Governor's Office estimate.

2 From 2004 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

3 Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

4 Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods; Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

5 The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

6 Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

7 Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

8 Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

9 May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.