

Gilchrist

(Jan. 1, 2007 - Dec. 31, 2007)

1. Population¹ 17,106

2. MSW Management (tons)²

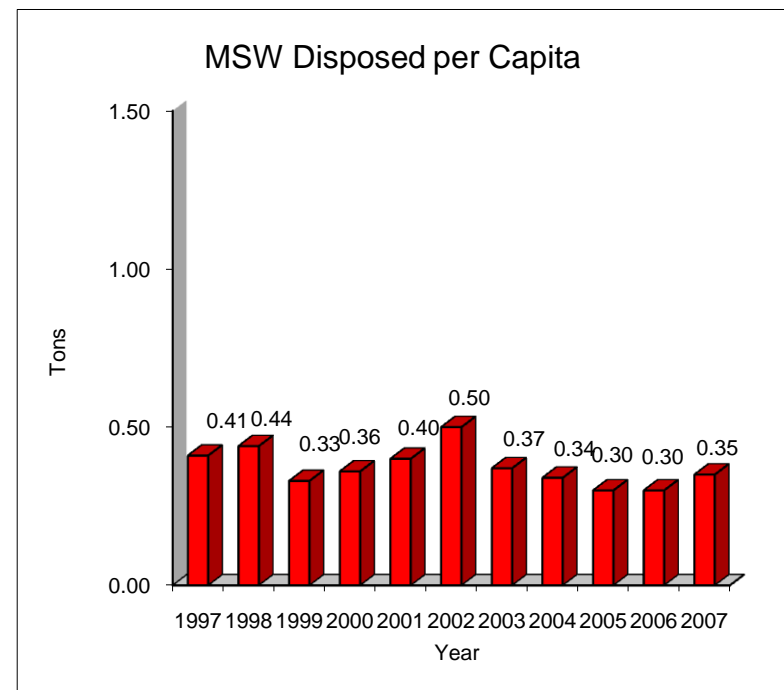
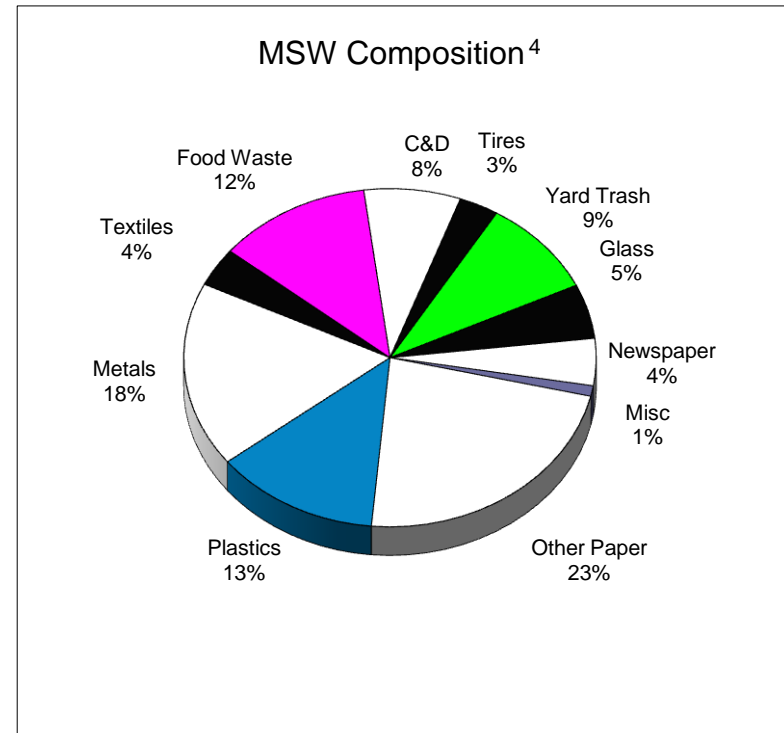
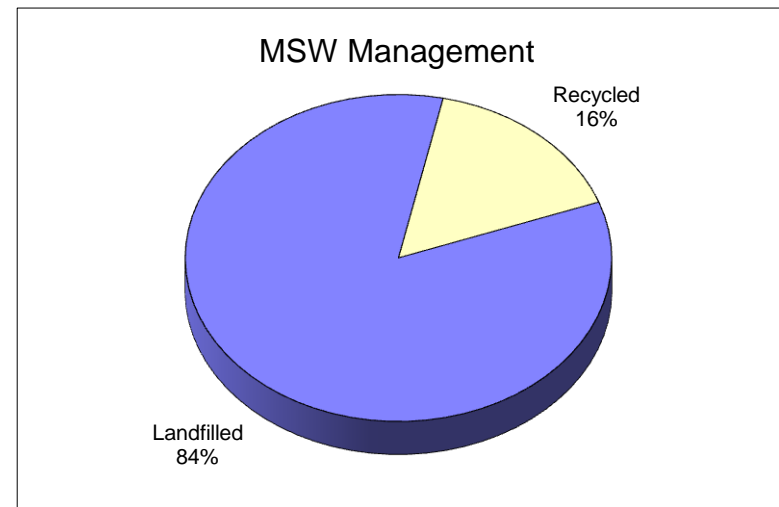
A. Landfilled	5,933
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	1,137
D. Total	7,070
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	2.26

3. MSW Collected & Recycled	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
A. Minimum 4 of 8 ³		
1. Newspaper	318	28%
2. Glass	368	0%
3. Aluminum Cans	78	17%
4. Plastic Bottles	219	13%
5. Steel Cans	127	0%
6. Cardboard	471	39%
7. Office Paper	177	0%
8. Yard Trash	658	0%
B. Other Recyclables		
9. C&D Debris	537	0%
10. White Goods	170	0%
11. Tires	219	0%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%
C. Other Wastes	3,728	23%
D. Total Recycling Rate (%)		16%
E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%) ⁵		16%

F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year
(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
2002	0.50	24%
2003	0.37	-27%
2004	0.34	-8%
2005	0.30	-12%
2006	0.30	-1%
2007	0.35	14%

G. Participation in Recycling ⁶	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	4,963	0%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	950	0%
3. Commercial ⁹	317	
a) Scheduled collection		63.09%
b) On call collection		0%



¹ Official 2005 Governor's Office estimate.

² From 2005 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

³ Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

⁴ Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods;

Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

⁵ The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

⁶ Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

⁷ Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

⁸ Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

⁹ May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.