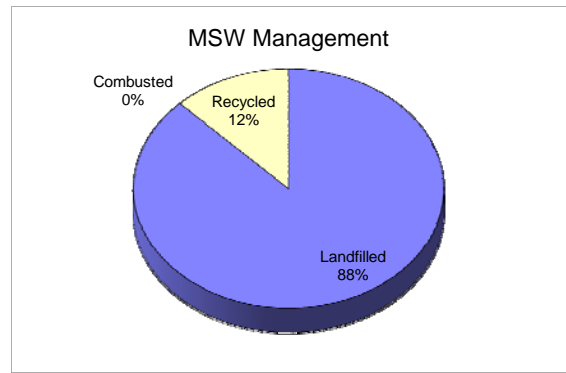


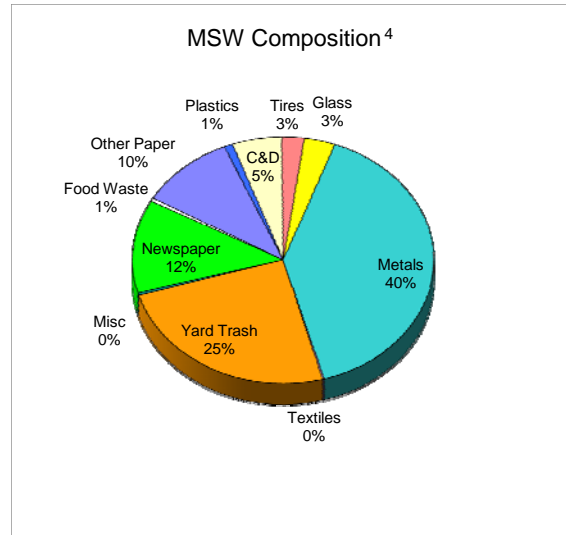
Hamilton

(Jan. 1, 2009 - Dec. 31, 2009)

1. Population ¹	14,783
2. MSW Management (tons) ²	
A. Landfilled	6,446
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	911
D. Total	7,357
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	2.73



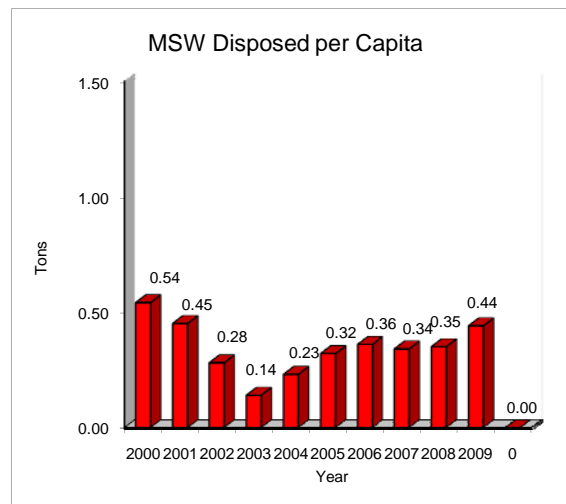
3. MSW Collected & Recycled	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
A. Minimum 4 of 8 ³		
1. Newspaper	901	0%
2. Glass	244	8%
3. Aluminum Cans	82	41%
4. Plastic Bottles	40	0%
5. Steel Cans	89	0%
6. Cardboard	607	79%
7. Office Paper	87	0%
8. Yard Trash	1,808	0%
B. Other Recyclables		
9. C&D Debris	389	0%
10. White Goods	53	11%
11. Tires	176	77%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%
C. Other Wastes	2,881	20%
D. Total Recycling Rate (%)		12%
E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%) ⁵		12%



F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year
(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
2004	0.23	69%
2005	0.32	35%
2006	0.36	14%
2007	0.34	-6%
2008	0.35	1%
2009	0.44	26%

G. Participation in Recycling ⁶	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	6,689	4%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	270	26%
3. Commercial ⁹	254	
a) Scheduled collection		14.57%
b) On call collection		14.57%



¹ Official 2009 Governor's Office estimate.

² From 2009 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

³ Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

⁴ Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods; Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

⁵ The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

⁶ Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

⁷ Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

⁸ Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

⁹ May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.