

Taylor

(Jan. 1, 2011 - Dec. 31, 2011)

1. Population¹ 22,500

2. MSW Management (tons)²

A. Landfilled	15,990
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	3,259
D. Total	19,249
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	4.69

3. MSW Collected & Recycled

A. Minimum 4 of 8³

	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
1. Newspaper	268	0%
2. Glass	178	0%
3. Aluminum Cans	164	29%
4. Plastic Bottles	154	1%
5. Steel Cans	134	0%
6. Cardboard	2,360	38%
7. Office Paper	112	10%
8. Yard Trash	669	0%

B. Other Recyclables

9. C&D Debris	3,315	0%
10. White Goods	290	0%
11. Tires	379	0%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%

C. Other Wastes 11,226 23%

D. Total Recycling Rate (%) 17%

E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%)⁵ 17%

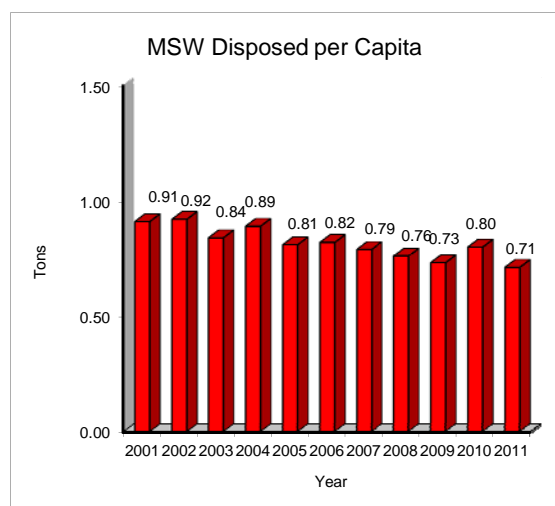
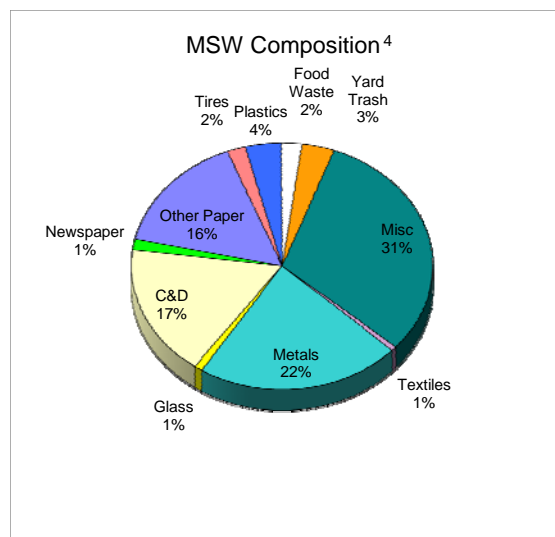
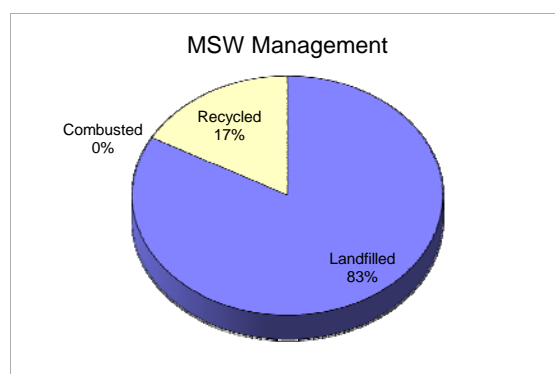
F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year

(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
2006	0.82	1%
2007	0.79	-3%
2008	0.76	-5%
2009	0.73	-3%
2010	0.80	9%
2011	0.71	-12%

G. Participation in Recycling⁶

	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	10,701	0%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	478	24%
3. Commercial ⁹	590	
a) Scheduled collection		7.63%
b) On call collection		0%



¹ Official 2011 Governor's Office estimate.

² From 2011 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

³ Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

⁴ Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods;

Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

⁵ The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

⁶ Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

⁷ Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

⁸ Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

⁹ May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.